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JUL 252007

Federal Communications Commission Office of the Secretary

Jul 9, 2007

FCC Public Comments 445 12th Street SW Washington, DC 20554

As a consumer interested in protecting competition, innovation, and legitimate use of cable TV content, I urge you to refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1) by NCTA, Charter, Verizon, and all other cable providers. The FCC's integration ban, which in effect requires cable companies to integrate CableCARDs into their own set-top boxes, remains good policy today.

Now ten years after the Telecommunications Act of 1996, cable companies have dragged their feet long enough on competitive alternatives to proprietary set-top boxes, thus hampering innovation and harming consumers. The integration ban will also help market competition prevent further restrictions on cable subscribers' ability to make legitimate use of recorded content.

By adopting content protection limits (encoding rules) in docket no. 97-80, the Commission recognized the importance of allowing consumers to make certain uses of TV content, regardless of a particular cable provider's or copyright holder's wishes. With competition spurred on by the integration ban, consumers would have the freedom to choose the least restrictive cable-compatible device available. The CableCARD standard already prescribes restrictions that harm consumers by limiting non-infringing uses, and such restrictions will get even worse if cable providers' set-top boxes are unchecked by competition.

Please refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Mr. Gregg Schoen 800 W Cornelia Ave Apt 201 Chicago, IL 60657-1946

INQUIRY FOR GREGG SCHOEN

Complaint Type:Cable		Account Type: Residential	Congressional Comp
IC Number:	07-F0279743	Case Type:	Inquiry
Date Received:	07/10/2007	Complainant:	Gregg Schoen
Date Entered:	07/12/2007	Date Assigned:	07/12/2007
Entered By:	PORTALSV1	Date Reassigned:	07/13/2007
Assigned To:	Judy Camel/FCCIN	Service Date:	
Date Closed:	07/16/2007	Response Date:	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Closed By:	Judy Camel	Original Analyst:	Minnie Caskey/FCCIN
Close Letter Needed?	○ Yes ● No	Purged By:	Purged Date:
		Removed By:	Removed Date:
Supervisor Check:	○ Yes ● No	Indecency Referral Code:	
Current Status: View Complaint		ssociated Case:	
Apparent Carrier(s): Yes<<< Check he Problem Number:		Wireline and Wireless carrier,	
Title: None	First Name: Gregg	Middle Initial:	Last Name: Schoen
Contact Name:	Gregg Schoen	Best Time to Call:	
Contact Number:	Ext.	Consumer's Telephone Number:	Ext.
Fax Number:		TTY Number:	
Email Address: PO Box:		Internet Address: Address:	600 W Cornelia Ave Apt 201
City:	Chicago	State: IL	Zip: 60657-1946
On Behalf Of:	-		
Company Name:			
Party's Name:		Relationship with the P	artv
Party's Contact No	umber: Ext.	PO Box:	arty.
y o ooninger in		Address:	
Othor Bortistics	on he contrated?	City:State:Zip:	
Other Party that contains Name:	an be contacted?	Polationatia	
Contact Number: Ext.		Relationship: Address:	<u> </u>
Contact Hullings.	EAL.	City:, State: Zip:	
**Amount of credit F	CC effort generated:		

Have you paid any of the disputed charges?

Did the company billing for these charges adjust or refund some or all of the disputed charges?

If yes, what was the amount of the adjustment or refund?

b. Telephone number for the carrier(s) or company(ies) involved

with your complaint, including area code:

Phone: Ext:

Duplicate Credit Checked: ○ Yes ● No

c. Which type of service is involved with your complaint:

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JUL 252007

Federal Communications Commission Office of the Secretary

information@eff.org wrote on 7/1/2007 5:36:56 PM:

Jul 1, 2007

Chairman Kevin Martin

Dear Chairman Martin,

As a consumer interested in protecting competition, innovation, and legitimate use of cable TV content, I urge you to refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1) by NCTA, Charter, Verizon, and all other cable providers. The FCC's integration ban, which in effect requires cable companies to integrate CableCARDs into their own set-top boxes, remains good policy today.

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By adopting content protection limits (encoding rules) in docket no. 97-80, the Commission recognized the importance of allowing consumers to make certain uses of TV content, regardless of a particular cable provider's or copyright holder's wishes. With competition spurred on by the integration ban, consumers would have the freedom to choose the least restrictive cable-compatible device available. The CableCARD standard already prescribes restrictions that harm consumers by limiting non-infringing uses, and such restrictions will get even worse if cable providers' set-top boxes are unchecked by competition.

Please refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Mr. Eitan Adler 306 (hidden) St. (hidden), NY (hidden)

7/10/2007 11:06:14 AM - Email Acknowledgement sent to information@eff.org.

information@eff.org wrote on 7/9/2007 4:26:49 PM:

JUL 2 5 2007

Federal Communications Commission Office of the Secretary

Jul 9, 2007

Commissioner Deborah Taylor Tate

Dear Commissioner Taylor Tate,

As a consumer interested in protecting competition, innovation, and legitimate use of cable TV content, I urge you to refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1) by NCTA, Charter, Verizon, and all other cable providers. The FCC's integration ban, which in effect requires cable companies to integrate CableCARDs into their own set-top boxes, remains good policy today.

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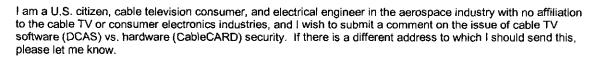
Sincerely,

Mr. Gregg Schoen 800 W Cornelia Ave Apt 201 Chicago, IL 60657-1946

7/8/2007 7:07:05 PM - Email Acknowledgement sent to kwiniec@ieee.org.

kwiniec@ieee.org wrote on 7/8/2007 7:06:39 PM:

Dear FCC,



I recently read about the FCC forcing cable companies to recall, destroy, and replace cable television terminal equipment not containing CableCARDs with equipment containing CableCARDs:

http://www.cedmagazine.com/article.aspx?id=147007&terms=dcas

From my consumer perspective, this action appears to have no consumer benefit and considerable consumer detriment. By making the equipment required to retain existing consumer capability more expensive, it appears to redistribute wealth from consumers to the consumer electronics industry without providing any offsetting benefit to the consumer. By adding considerable hardware which was previously unnecessary and which would still be unnecessary for DCAS, it also appears to make consumer electronics more complex and unreliable without providing any offsetting benefit to the consumer. Finally, from an engineering standpoint, software (DCAS) is a modern current-generation technology solution while hardware (CableCARD) is an obsolete last-generation technology solution. So the CableCARD mandate appears to be anti-consumer and pro-special-interest, and so I do not understand why my government is supporting it.

I currently subscribe to analog cable and use multiple analog cable-ready VCRs because this is the lowest-cost system which can autonomously time-shift multiple simultaneous programs on different channels. The cost for this system is approximately \$75 one-time per tuner (VCR) and \$50 per month recurrent for content (analog cable TV service), and it has not required major equipment replacement in 14 years. I am aware of the congressionally-mandated February 2009 DTV deadline, and I had determined that the most cost-effective approach for me was to wait to switch until the last possible minute, when digital cable-ready consumer electronics became as plentiful and cheap as possible, and then replace my analog cable-ready VCRs with digital cable-ready DVRs. I logically assumed the DVRs would employ DCAS, keeping the costs for retaining my current capabilities in line with my current system, with only about a 1/3 increase for hardware and little or no increase for content.

However, by forcing cable companies to use CableCARD, the FCC makes my one-time costs considerably higher (CableCARD is expensive, raising the cost of all equipment that uses it, and possibly resulting in a second equipment obsolesence cycle after merely a few years) and my recurring costs considerably higher (consumers must subsidize both the added costs to the cable companies of switching to CableCARD and the increased maintenance costs of the considerably more complex and unreliable CableCARD hardware). What benefit do I the consumer get by incurring all these higher costs and headaches? I don't see one. From both my consumer and engineering perspectives, both the current analog system and the future DCAS digital system are vastly superior to any CableCARD system, and forcing any use of CableCARD is illogical. And judging by the currently low consumer adoption of CableCARD hardware (0.4% of cable customers in 3 years according to the article), the public would seem to agree. To me it appears as if the FCC is acting in the interest of the consumer electronics industry and against the interests of the consumer (as well as the cable industry), since the only party that could conceivably benefit from the shaving of a year or two off the adoption of a DCAS standard appears to be the consumer electronics industry. And I think my government should be supporting its citizens' interests over industry's. Industry is business — it will take care of itself; Americans forced to blow their money on needless product replacement cycles instead of saving it for retirement or eduation can not.

With the information I currently have, I conclude that the FCC should focus only on DCAS, and grant all waivers submitted by cable companies to avoid CableCARD, whether pending, future, or retroactive. I also conclude that CableCARD is an enormous waste of consumer money lacking any consumer value, and plan to avoid spending any of my hard-earned money on CableCARD hardware or services, even if that means terminating cable TV service, as well as urge all my friends and family to do the same. There may be reasons to tolerate CableCARD's costs and headaches that I don't understand, and if so I would like to understand them, but I have not been able to find any on the Web. If you have or know where I can find information that might change my perception, I hope you will let me know, otherwise I hope the FCC will consider my comments and re-consider what is in the consumer interest.

Thank you for your time.



Sincerely,

Kenneth B. Winiecki, Jr. 8314 Spadderdock Way Laurel, MD 20724 301-776-2536 kwiniec@ieee.org

7/9/2007 10:52:21 AM - Email Acknowledgement sent to information@eff.org.

information@eff.org wrote on 7/7/2007 3:15:04 PM:

Jul 7, 2007

Commissioner Jonathan Adelstein

Dear Commissioner Adelstein,

As a consumer interested in protecting competition, innovation, and legitimate use of cable TV content, I urge you to refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1) by NCTA, Charter, Verizon, and all other cable providers. The FCC's integration ban, which in effect requires cable companies to integrate CableCARDs into their own set-top boxes, remains good policy today.

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Please refuse requests for waivers of 47 CFR 76.1204(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Mr. Michael Wang 2350 Pez Vela Pl Gold River, CA 95670-6218 FILED/ACCEPTED

JUL 25 2007

Federal Communications Commission

Office of the Secretary